Saugassauway, his x mark,

Minggeeseetay, his x mark,

Peaypaymanshee, his x mark,

Waubishcen, his x mark,

Ogeebouinse, his x mark.

Mayneeseno, his x mark,

Kakagouryan, hisx mark,

Meewayson, his x mark,

Fonegrwne, his x mark,

Nemetetowwa, his x mark,

Kishkaukou, his x mark,

Pennaysee, his x mark,

Nowkeshur, his x mark,

Mixmuniton, his x mark,

Reaume, his x mark,

Wassau, his x mark,

Keneobe, his x mark,

Moksauba, his x mark,

Nuwagon, his x mark,

Mutchwetau, his x mark,

Okumanpinase, his x mark,

Paupemiskobe, his x mark,

Meckseonne, his x mark,

Kogkakeshik, his x mark,

Wauwassack, his x mark,

Okemans, his x mark,

Puckwash, his x mark,

Waseneso, his x mark,

Mantons, his x mark,

Sigonak, his x mark,

Kokoosh, his x mark,

Pemaw, his x mark,

Sabo, his x mark,

Kennewobe, his x mark,

Aguagonabe, his x mark,

Kawototame, his x mark,

Kewageone, his x mark,

Kawgeshequm, his x mark,

Metewa, his x mark,

Keyacum, his x mark,

Atowagesek, his x mark,

Mawmawkens, his x mark,

Mamawsecuta, his x mark,

Kewaytinam, his x mark,

Sepewan, his x mark,

Sbaconk, his x mark,

Singgok, his x mark,

Saguhosh, his x mark,

Saybo, his x mark,

Obwole, his x mark

Endus, his x mark,

Omikou, his x mark,

Leroy, his x mark.

Witnesses at signing :

John L. Leib, Secretary.

G. Godfroy, sub-Agent.

W. Knaggs, sub-Agent.

John Hill, Army Contractor.

A. E. Lacock, M. S. K.

William, Tucky, }

James V. S. Ryley.

Louis Boufort,

John Hurson,

J. Whipple. Henry I. Hunt.

William Keith.

Richard Smyth.

B. Head.

John Smyth.

Louis Dequindre.

Conrad Ten Eyck.

B. Campau.

C. L. Cass, Capt. 3d Infantry.

Shashebak, his x mark,

Mesnakrea, his x mark,

Penaysewaykesek, his x mark.

Maytwayaushing, his x mark,

Paymusawtom, his x mark,

Wawapenishik, his x mark,

Aushetayawnekusa, his x mark.

D. G. Whitney, Assistant Secretary

R. A. Forsyth, jr. acting commissioner.

John Peacock, Lieut. 3d U. S. Infantry

Now, therefore, be it known, that I

James Monroe, President of the United

States of America, having seen and con-

sidered the said Treaty, have, by and

with the advice and consent of the Sen-

ate, accepted, ratified, and confirmed

the same, and every clause and article

thereof, with the exception of the ar-

In testimony whereof, I have caused

L. s. the seal of the United States to be

ed the some with my hand.

hereunto affixed, having first sign-

Done at the City of Washing-

ton, this twenty-fifth day of March,

in the year of our Lord one thou

sand eight hundred and twenty,

and of the Independence of the U-

Secretary of State

JAMES MONROE.

nited States the forty-fourth.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

The Sign of the

GOLDEN ROSE

Is Removed from No. 7, Cheapside, to

ONE door below S. KEEN'S HOTEL, and will be open for the reception of visitors—where (as usual) the smallest favour

will be acknowledged with gratitude,
By their obedient servant,
J. M. PIKE.

ticle supplementary thereto.

By the president.

July 27th, 1820.

sworn Interpreters

Chester Root, Capt. U.S. Artillery.

Nimeke, his x mark,

Misheneanonquet, his x mark,

Maneleugobwawaa, his x mark,

Kitchmokooman, his x mark,

Ogemaunkeketo, his x mark,

Paymeenoting, his x mark,

Kaujagonaygee, his x mark,

Wepecumgegut, his x mark,

Maakkenwuwbe, his x mark,

Ocanauck, his x mark,

Okeemanpeenaysee, his x mark,

#### TERMS OF THE Bentucky Gazette, PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, By I. T. CAVINS.

The price to Subscribers, is, THREE DOLLARS per annum, PAID IN ADVANCE, or FOUR DOLLARS at the end of the year. All new subscribers must in every instance be paid in advance.

per, are, FIFTY CENTS for the first insertion of every 15 lines or under, and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for each continuance; longer advertisements in ding house, and running up the river for the same proportion.

All advertisements not paid for in ad. vance, must be paid for when ordered to be

All communications addressed to the editors must be post paid.

#### Indian Treaty.



JAMES MONROE. PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF

AMERICA. To all and singular to whom these presents shall com- geeting;

Whereas a Treaty between the U nited States of America and the Chip- nually, for ever, the sum of one thousand pewa nation of Indians, was made and dollars in silver; and do also agree that concluded on the twenty-fourth day of all annuities due by any former treaty to September, in the year of our Lord one the said tribe, shall be hereafter paid in thousand eight hundred and nineteen, at | silver. Saganaw, in the Territory of Michigan, by a Commissioner on the part of the United States, and certain Chiefs and Warriors of the said nation, on the part! and in behalf of the said nation; which erty of the of the United States, shall aptreaty is in the words following, to wit:

Articles of a Treaty made and concluded merica, by their Commissioner, Lewis the trees. Cass, and the Chiffnewa nation of In-

ART. 1. The Chippewa nation of Indians, in con i cration of the stipulationo herein made on the part of the United States, do hereby, forever, cede to the United States the land comprehended within the following lines and boundaries: Beginning at a point in the pesent Indian boudary line, which runs due north from the mouth of the great Auglaize river, six miles south of the place where the base line, so called, intersects the same; thence, west, sixty miles; President of the United States may think thence, in a direct line, to the head of proper, and to furnish the Chippewa In-Thunder Bay River; thence, down the dians with such ferming utensils and same, following the courses thereof, to cattle, and to emply such persons to aid the mouth; thence, northeast, to the them in their agriculture, as the Presiboundary line between the United States | dent may deem expedient. and the British Province of Upper Can- ART. 9. This treaty shall take effect, to the place of beginning.

ART. 2. From the cesssion aforesaid the following tracts of land shall be reserved, for the use of the Chippewanation of Indians:

One tract, of eight thousand acres, on the east side of the river Au Sable, near where the Indians now live.

One tract, of two thousand acres, on the river Mesagwisk.

One tract, of six thousand acres, on the north side of the river Kawkawling, at the Indian village.

One tract, of five thousand seven hundred and sixty acres, upon the Flint river, to include Reaum's village, and a

place called Kishkawbawce. One tract, of eigh thousand acres, on the head of the river Huron, which empies into the Saginaw river, at the village of Otusson.

One island in the Saginaw Bay. One tract, of two thousand acres, where

Nabobask formery lived. One tract, of one thousand acres, near

the island in the Saginaw river. One tract, of six hundred and forty acres, at the bend of the river Huron, which empties into the Saginaw river. One tract, of two thousand acres, at the mouth of Point Augrais river.

One tract, of one thousand acres, on the Huron, at Menoequet's village. One tract, of ten thousand acres, on

the Shawassee river, at a place called

One tract, of three thousand acres, on the Shawassee river, at Ketchewaun daugenink.

One tract, of six thousand acres, at the Little Forks on the Tetabawasink river One tract of six thousand 'acres, at the Black Bird's town, on the Tetaba-

wasink river. One tract, of forty thousand acres, on the west side of the Saginaw river, to be hereafter located.

Anr. 3. There shall be reserved, for the use of each of the persons hereinaf ter mentioned and their heirs, which persons are all Indians by descent, the following tracts of land:

For the use of John Riley, the son oll

Menawcumegoqua, a Chippewa woman, six hundred and forty acres of land, beginning at the head of the first marsh above the mouth of the Saginaw river, on the east side thereof.

For the use of Peter Riley, the son of Menawcumegoqua, a Chippewa woman, six hundred and forty acres of land, begin ning about and adjoining the apple trees on the west side of the Saginaw river, and running up the same for quantity.

For the use of James Riley, the son of Menawcumegoqua, a Chippewa wo-The TERMS OF ADVERTISING in this pa- man, six hundred and forty acres, be ginning on the east side of the Saginaw river, nearly opposite to Campeau's traquantity.

For the use of Kawkawiskou, or the Crow, a Chippewa chief, six hundred and forty acres of land, on the east side of the Saginaw river, at a place called Menitegow, and to include, in the said six hundred and forty acres, the island opposite to the said place.

For the use of Nowokeshik, Metawanene, Mokitchenoqua, Nondashemau, Petabonaqua, Messawwakut, Cnecbalks Kit hegeequa, Sagosequa Annoketoqua and Tawcumegoqua, each, six hundred and forty acres of land, to be located at and near the grand traverse of the Flint river, in such manner as the President of the United States may direct.

For the use of the children of Bokowtonden, six hundred and forty acres, on the Kawkawling river.

ART. 4. In consideration of the cession aforesaid, the United States agree to pay to the Chippewa nation of Indians, an-

ART. 5. The stipulation contained in the treaty of Greenville,\* relative to the right of the Indians to hunt upon the land ceded, while it continues the propply to this treaty; and the Indians shall for the same term, enjoy the privilege at Saginaw, in the Territory of Mich of making sugar upon the same land, igan, between the United States of A- | committing no unnecessary waste upon

> ART. . 6 The United States agree to pay to the Indians the value of any improvements which they may be obliged to abandon, in consequence of the lines established by this treaty, and which improvements add real value to the land

ART. 7. The United States reserve to the proper authority the right to make roads through and part of the land reserved by this treaty.

ART. 8. The United States engage to provide and support a blacksmith for the Indians, at Saginaw, so long as the

ada; thence, with the same, to the line and be obligatory on the contracting parestablished by the treaty of Detroit, in thes, so soon as the same shall be ratified the year one thousand eight hundred by the President of the United States and seven; thence, with the said line, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof.

In testimony whereof, the said Lewis Cass, commissoner as aforesaid, and the Chiefs and Warriors of the Cihppewa nation of Indians, have hereunto set their hands, at Sagi naw, in the Territory of Michigan. this twenty-fourth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen. LEWIS CASS.

Pakenosega, his x mark Kekenntchega, his x mark, Chimokemow, his x mark, Kekenutchegurn, his x mark, Mocksonga, his x mark, Noukonwabe, his x mark, Shingwalk, his x mark, Shingwalk, jun. his x mark, Wawaubequak, his x mark, Pashkobowins, his x mark, Muskobeuense, his x mark, Waubonoosa, his x mark, Wausaquanai, his x mark, Minequet, his x mark, Otauson, his x mark, Tussegua, his x mark, Mixabee, his x mark, Kitchewawashen, his x mark, Neobeenaquin, his x mark, Anueemaycounbeeme, his x mark, Onewequa, his x mark, Navoke man, his x mark, Peshquescum, his x mark, Muckeumeinau, his x mark Kitcheenoting, his x mark, Waubeekeenew, his x mark, Pashkeckou, his x mark, Mayto, his x mark, Sheemaugua, his x mark, Kauguest, his x mark, Kitsheematush, his x mark, Aneuwayba, his x mark, Walkcaykeejugo, his x mark, Autowaynabee, his x mark, Nawgonissee, his x mark, Owenisham, his x mark, Wauwceyatam, his x mark, Shawshauwenaubais his x mark. Okooyousinso, his x mark, Ondottowaugane, his x mark, Amickoneena, his x mark, Kitcheonundeeyo, his x mark,

On Hand and for Sale,

A LABAMA COTTON, by the bale, WHITE LEAD of the first quality, dry, and ground in Oil, RED LEAD, for Painters' and Potters' SUGAR OF LEAD,

4d. 5d. 8d. and 10d. Cut Nails, by the Keg. NEW ORLEANS SUGAR, by the barrel, Half Pint TUMBLERS of the Zanesville

works by the box.
IVM. LEAVY & SON. Lexington, July, 27th, 1820-30-6t

### NEW GOODS. R. A. Gatewood,

HAS JUST RECEIVED, IN ADDITION TO HIS FOR MEE ASSORTMENT, A LARGE AND VERY WILL MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF DRY GOODS, GROCE. offers for sale, at the most reduced prices

He also respectfully requests those who are in arrears with him, to come forward and settle their respective dues, either by pay ment or by Note

Lex. Dec. 30, 1819 -53-tf



Benjamin Ayres, (Sign of the Cross Keys, Main-street,)

Jno. Deringer

Abijah Davis

Ann Davis

Ann Davis

GROCERIES, Imperial, and TEAS, Young Hyson TEAS, Best GREEN COFFEE, LOAF & LUMP SUGARS, PEFFER, &c. LSO-A few dozen PORT WINE, Holland Gin, Cogniac Brandy, West India Rum. Madeira Wine, Which he will dispose of on as reasonable terms as can be purchased elsewhere.

FOR SALE, A FIRST RATE
Two Horse WAGON & HARNESS, compleat

UE CONTINUES TO KEEP AT THE ABOVE STAND, House of Entertainment, For the accommodation of Travellers an Boarders, where every attention will be paid o those who may favor him with ther custom Those who wish to partake of the finest OYSTERS,

Cooked in the best and most approved style, would do well to call as above. Lexington, July 27, 1820.

Sugar, Salt, Nails &c.

THE subscribers have received per the STEAM BOAT FALSTIE-ORLEANS SUGAR, in Barrels, SHAD and MACKAREL, ALLUM and Liverpool SALT,

CUT NAILS, of all sizes. And are in expectation of receiving within a few days, a choice collection of SUMMER GOODS, all of which will be sold at their usual low prices. Lexington, June 20, 1820 .- 24

A REQUEST.

RESPECTFULLY request the public, not to permit themselves to be further ejudiced against me, by the many base falseoods that have been circulated respecting the unfortunate disturbances in my family, as I shall, after the termination of the suit for a divorce, and after Mrs. Evans is no longer my wife, appear before the public in pamphlet form, with the bill and answer, and a number of additional observations, wherein I shall attempt, (and feel confident of success with every liberal and unprejudiced mind) to shew that however imprudently and foolishly Mrs. E. and myself have acted, yet that neither her nor myself have been near as much to blame in the alfair as some of her near relations — Mrs. Evans is an amiable woman in many respects—she is truly virtuous as far as I know or believe, prudently economical and a kind and affectionate mother. My business compels me to go to Missouri immediately, and shall not return until next October. Should any thing appear against me in the mean time, the public will please suspend their opinoins until my return, at which time I will furnish them with the other side of the question. I have thus long remained silent on the subject through delicacy, and intended ever to re-main so, and should have, if my enemies had done me only one fourth justice; but in consequence of so many unjust and injurious reremaining silent, a great number of person have improperly construed my silence into guilt, and concluded that I feared an investi-gation, which must be the apology for my resent and future course, and pledge mysel that it is with the greatest degree of reluc tance and delicacy, that I now appear before the public and can assure them, that such is the respect that I have for Mrs. Evans, that f I was compelled to seriously criminate her, should ever now and ever hereafter remain ilent, whatever might be said about me.

JOHN T EVANS.

Jessamine county, June 25, 1820—26\*
N. B. I must thus publicly take the liberty
of tendering my respectful thanks to Ambros oung, Esq. of Fayette county, for his get manly conduct, in refusing to purchase m Corn when a certain character was endeavor ng to sell it for Whiskey

Negro Girl For bale. FOR SALE a likely Mulatto NEGRO GIR A about 15 years of age, who understand house business well. She is equal to shy. Enquire of the Printers. June 20,41820-25-5t

## A List of Letters,

REMAINING in the Post-office a Versailles Ky, which if not taken out within three months, will be sent to the General Post-office as dead letters. John Lowry & Co Lloyd Q. Adison James Lemaster James Anderson Mary M'Corwick John Ashford V. M'Knight

Dr. I. Marshall

Samuel Nuchols

George Nave

John Peters

Wm. Poats 2 Dr A. Patrick

Philemon Price

Sanford Potter

Wm Pulliam

James Porter

Lewis Payton 2 Jacob U Payne

Thomas Prather Jr Hugh F Paxton

Richard Robinson

Jacob Rynar

Wm Rucker

George Railey Randph. Railey Joshua Rucker

Richd. Rowland

Col Wm Steele 2 Jno Steel

James Stanford Samuel Stevenson

Luther C Scroggin Wm Scanland

Frances A Simons Benj Stevenson

Jno Shepherd

Susanna Shale Fred Swan

David Trotter

Simcon Twyman

Anderson Taylor

Eppe Tillery Wm Taylor, Jr

Weir & Patrick

Esther Whitley

B Warfield, esq

Wm Walker Joseph Wallace

Abm M Wilson

Wm Wooldridge

Martha Woodson

William Wright Jno Williams

Matilda Wallace John U Warring

Isaac Williams N W Watkins

Dr Wilson

Benj Walker J B White Zephenia Walden 3

DJ Williams

Aaron Webb

Dr Jno Watson

F H Watkins

Elizabeth Wilkerson Edward B Wood

William Smith Sheriff of Woodford

7 homas Shelton

David D Sites

Wm Stewart

Thomas Rankin

Susanna Poor

Wm. P. Nicholson

Hugh Offutt George H Offutt 2 Wm O'Banion

Thomas Miskill 2 George Mitchell Jos. M'Dowell Terry Buckley 3 Nancy Brooks uck & Mitchum Mr. May Cyrus M'Cracken no L. Buck 2 Cyrus M Cracke lizabeth M. Berry- James Morrow man Percival Butler, jr. Jno Welton Jno Morris Dawson Brown Wm. B. Blackburn 2 anes Moss Miller, Anderson & Co no. Buckhannon Wm. Mayo & Co. Thomas Montague Benjamin Morton Lucinda M<sup>\*</sup>Kay Sarah H. Matthews German Bohannon Dr. R. B. Bohannon

James D. Brown. Wm Casdle ames J. Crow Martha Cosby Harrison Chapple George Carlisle 2 Wm. H. Cosby Sarah S. Coleman George Chilton Wm. Chilton lane Caldwell Solomon Christman Lewis Craig James C. Caldwell Wm Campbell James S. Craig

Edward Colston Nimrod Chadwell Jno P Porter Clerk Woodford C. C. David C Paxton Samuel H. Clicket Thomas Dougherty Jno. Deringer

Dr. D. G. Dedman John Darr ancy Dickey Wm. Davis Henry Downes Wm H. Dunnica

Fredk. Elkin Elizabeth Ewell Wm. Ewell Wary R. Felix

apt. R. Fox olm Guthrie Chomas Guthrie, Jr. icinda Graddy m. Green

ohn Garrett Wm. W. Grant Nicholas Hansley Wargaret Harper enry H. Hazard ohn Hamilton sse H. Hunter Vm. Herring Chester Harding Thomas Hays Emily T. Hickman

John Hannah & Co. 2 Wm D. Trueman Mrs. S. Hawkins John Hammonds John Harvie lames Haggin, esq.

Wm Johnson Silas Johnson Samuel Jesse Jos. Kinkead & Son 2 Solomon Waters Juo D. Kinkead Jeremish Wilson

A. Kinkead Wm. B. Long 16 R. & W. B. Long 3 James C. Long 2 Willis W. Lee Thomas L. Lee

JOS. W. BRYSON, A. P. M. Vaersailles, July 1, 1820-28

### LEGHORN BONNETS &c. Mrs. Saunders,

Leghorn and Straw Bonnets, ALSO-DOLLS, BEADS &c. &c. ITH a general assortment of every article in the MILLINARY LINE, which sustomers are invited to examine for them-selves, and judge of the price and quality. All ich will be sold on moderate terms for

HAS just received a quantity of elegant and

Bankable money.

TNo further CREDIT can be given—a ose who owe will confer a favour by settling leir accounts. Lexington, March 16, 1820.

A Negro Woman for Sale. THE subscriber has a likely NEGRO WO. MAN, about 20 years of age, and under good character, whom he offers for sale...-he is a good, spinner, and sewer; she is a ood cook, and well calculated for a hous ervan, and has worked two or three year n a farm. The subscriber would swap he or a likely boy. He has also two good Mul-wo years old, for sale. For terms apply e undersigned, living one mile from Chile urgh, Fayette county.

JOHN G. PARTLOW.

June 7th, 1820.-3t\*

## Medical Lectures.

THE MEDICAL LECTURES in Transylvania University, will commence on the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER next, by -W. DUDLEY, M. D .- Prof. Anatomy and

HS. CALDWELL, M. D.—Institutes Medi-cine and Materia Medica.
W. H. RICHARDSON, M. D.—Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. AMES BLYTHE, v. D.—Chemistry. AMUEL BROWN, M. D. - Theory and Prac-

By order of the Faculty, CHAS. CALDWELL, Dean. Lexington, July 20, 1820 29tf

#### Doctor Somerby, DENTIST,

HAS returned to Lexington, and respectful-ly tenders his professional services to the His ROOM is on Main-street, opposite the

Lexington, July 18, 1820-29tf

## HEMP.

THE HIGHEST PRICE CASH IN HAND, Given for Hemp,

Delivered at the Rope Walk formerly the property of James Kerns, dec'd. on Water-street. HENRY WATT. Lexington, February 5, 1819—1f

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U-NITED STATES.

Whereas by an act of congress passed on the 3d of March, 1817, entitled An act to authorize the appointment of Surveyor for the lands in the northern part of the Mississippi Territory, and the sale of certain lands therein described," the President of the United States is authorized to cause certain lands to be sold:

Therefore, I, James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales shall be held at Huntsville, in Alabama, for the disposal (according to law) of the following lands, viz:

On the 2d Monday in October next, for the sale of townships 10 and 13, in range 2, E.; townships 9, 10, 11, and 14, in range 3, E.; townships 9, 10, and 14, in range 4, E.; thwnships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, in range 5, E.; townships 12, 13, and 14, in range 6, E.; and township 12, in range 7, E. Also, the lands in the tract commonly called Col-

ert's reserve On the 1st Monday in December next, for the sale of townships 11, 12 13, and 14, in range 3, W.; townships 12, 13, and 14, in range 6 and 7, W.; townships 11, 12, 13, and 14, in range 8, W.? townships 12, 13, 14, in range 9, W.; townships 13, and 14, in range 10, W.; and township 14, in range 11, W.; Alo, the lands adjoining the town of Marthon, which have not been offered for ale, except such lands as have been reserved by law for the support of schools, or for other purposes. The lands shall be sold in regular numerical order, ommencing with the lowest number of ection, township, and range. Given under my hand, at the city of

Washington, the 22 day June 1820. JAMES MONROE. JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the Ceneral Land Office.

#### WESTERN HOTEL, NO. 288, RAMKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

Sign of Gen. Washington. THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has take that well known establishment in Market st. next door to the Pittsburgh Mail Stage Office, and lately occupied by Mr. George Vohe. To those who have been accustomed to resort to this house, it is unnecessary to point out its superior advantages. For the information of others, however, he deems it proper to state that its situation is central, high, healthy and convenient to business; an extensive range of backbuildings, consisting of lodging rooms, afford a fine view of the city to the eastward, and admit of a free and uninterrupted circulation of air, and what will give them a decided preference in the opinion of many, s the attachment thereto of balconies, so con tructed as not only to afford pleasant promenades, but easy means of escape in the event of necessity from any sudden alarm of fire. The great western Stages start every norning from the door, and on the premises sone of the best Livery Stables in the city, unducted by Mr. John Tomlinson, where raveilers' horses will be faithfully attended With these advantages, and some further improvements now making, added to his own unremitted exertions to please, the Subscrier confidently hopes for, and very respectfully solicits, a share public patronage.
R. SMITH. Philadelphia, Ang. 11, 1819.—38-3mo.

Cash will be given for TALLOW & SOAP GREASE,

DELIVERED at my Soap and Candle Fac-tory, at the corner of Main-Cross and Water-streets, at the lower end of the lower Market-house, Leaving, Crossings, Scott county.

JOHN BRIDGES. Market-house, Lexington, or at the Great

Deccember 30.-53

#### Green River & Missouri LANDS,

WILL be given in exchange for MER-CHANDZE, on such terms as will make a profitable investment. Apply to LESLIE COMBS,

Lexington, or ALEXANDER POPE,

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

NEW-YORK, JULY 22. By the fast sailing ship Martha, capt tigation, in which she may see both the sketchley, which arrived last night in 33 charges and the witnesses against her; a place. days from Liverpool, the editors of the Commercial Advertiser have received of the state. In the face of the Sovereign, Liverpool papers to the 15th of June, the Parliament and the Country, she soland London papers & Lloyd's and Com- emply protests against the formation of a semercial Shipping Lists to the 13th, inclusive. Our previous advices, with the exception of a few paragraphs, received via Halifax, were only to the 20th of May. We have examined our files She relies with full confidence upon the inwith close attention, & have taken much tegrity of the house of commons for defend pains to compress into one paper all the ling the only attempt she has any reason to matter of special interest.

ENGLAND has been thrown into sudden ferment and agitation by the sudden arrival of the Queen. Soon after he: majesty reached London she communi cated animportant message to the house of commons, drawn up in bold and con fident terms, and protesting against the project in contemplation of appointing a secret committee to investigate her con duct since she has been abroad. She says she wants the fullest enquiry into her conduct, and claims an open investigation-a privilege not denied to the meanest individual in the state.

By the message of the King it appears that he is determined that an investiga- have been justified by trial and conviction.

tion shall take place.
Mr. Brougham presented the meseage from the queen to the house of commons; and the papers are filed with the stoppage and failure of the different the interesting discussion which follows banks, exceeds all description, and by the dopted, and the subject had been post- rather than diminishing. Business is at an poned for a few days, to give the Minia- end in the province of Munster, and whole ary time for deliberation. Some of the districts are ruined. The butter trade, papers speak of hopes being entertained which promised to be very brisk in Cork that the differences between the royal and Waterford, is entirely suspended. Two parties will be amicably adjusted.

In reply to a note from lord Liverpool, in which his lordship stated, that The latter bank was held by Mr. W. Newnotwithstanding all that had passed any suggestions which her majesty may have to offer upon the propositions submit ted in April last, would be received, her and his death was stated as the reason for

majesty said-"That she demanded all the rights belonging to the Queen of England; that, before she was in possession of all her dignities, she could not listen to any stored to them, she would be ready to listen to any proposals of his majesty's ministers.

favor of lord Liverpool's motion for the Girardin said, such a spectacle he had not with an army of 2700 men, against 709, the appointment of a secret committee to before witnessed for thirty years. Paris, he investigate the conduct of the Queen, said, resembled a captured city: troops sta-

was carried upanimously.

the spirit they have manifested, we

don that metropolis has been the thea- canes or sticks with ferrules, and the wountre of perpetual riot. All who would ded were numerous. A great number of not huzza and pull off their hats in hon- greets have taken place. or of her majesty were pelted with mud, brick-bats, &c. &c. and often, after having complied with the requisition, they at six o'clock. He had preserved to the vowere pelted with mud for the diversion ry last moment, without the slightest interof the mob. Carlton House was assaired, and the windows of lord Sidmouth's and lord Castlereagh's houses and others broken to pieces. The military were on duty, but the king had giver the word and the standard with the slightest intermission, that extraordinary and unshrinking apathy which he displayed through the course of his confinement and trial. His countenance, as he went along to the scaffold, even were a smile of content. He asof absolute necessity.

[In our next, we shall publish the de-

On the 6th, the following Message, was received in both houses of parliament. " GEORGE R

"The King thinks it necessary, in consesince her departure from this kingdom, which he recommends to the immediate and . serious consideration of the house.

The King has felt the most anxious desire to avert the necessity of any disclosure and discussion which must be as painful to his people, as they can be to himself; but the step now taken by the Queen leaves him no alternative.

The King has the fullest confidence that, in consequence of this communication, the House of Lords will adopt that course of proceeding, which the justice of the cases and the honor and dignity of his Majesty', crown may require."

The following is the Message communicated to the House of Commons, by Mr. Brougham, pursuant to an order of her Ma-

" The Queen thinks it necessary to inform the House of Commons, that she has been induced to return to England, in conseagents abroad, and lately sanctioned by the debates upon the election law. The "The number of the National Guard conduct of the government at home. In debates continued to run high. The on duty at the Chamber of deputies, is no other purpose whatsoever but the defence been called out to disperse the people.

M. de Girardin said, such a spectacle Royal Guard, which was in Garrison at her by the death of that revered Monarch in whose high honor and unshaken affection abe had always found the surest support.—

The had not octore withesend to that the policy of this capitol. The had not octore withesend to that the said, resembled a capitude to the high honor and unshaken affection as the had always found the surest support.—

The had not octore withesend to that the capitude of this capitol. The company was laken into customers and posts fixed for their attentions of this capitol. The company was laken into customers and posts fixed for their attentions. documents; and she learns with still greater

sion during that long period, she has shewed and to court the fullest enquiry into her conprivilege not denied to the meanest subject cret tribunal to examine documents, privately prepared by her enemies, as a proceeding unknown to the law of the land, and a flagrant violation of all the principles of justice. fear. The Queen cannot forbear to add, that even before any proceedings were resolved upon, she had been treated in a manner too well calculated to prejudge her case. The omission of her name in the Liturgy, the with-holding the means of conveyance usually afforded to all the branches of the royal family, the refusal even of an answer to her application for a place of residence in the royal mansions, and the studied slight both of English ministers abroad, and of the agents of all foreign powers over whom the English Government had any influencemust be viewed as measures designed to prejudice the world against her; and could only

LONDON, JUNE 13. The calamitous state of Ireland, owing to No decisive measures had been a. mails of yesterday appears to be encreasing other banks, those of Kilkenny and Waterford, have failed in the south of Ireland .port, the younger and only brother of Sir J. Newport. Mr. Newport died suddenly on the day before the failure was announced.

> Louvel, the assassin of the Dake de Berri, was executed on the 17 of June last.

losing the bank.

Paris is in a very unquiet state, and alarother proposal; that, when she was re- ming turnults have taken place, in consequence of the debates upon the election law. The debates continued to run high. Liberales complain that troops have been The majority in the house of lords, in called out to disperse the people. M. de tioned in various quarters and ports fixed The question for a postponement of for their attendance. He felt assured that proceedings in the house of commons the exasperation had been excited by the appearance of the regular force. On the oth-Her majesty has been received with er hand, it was said that the conduct of the great attention by the people, and, from militia had exhibited great moderation .-The groups that had been dispersed, were should infer that, whether her majesty is shouting-"Long live the Emperor." One guilty or not, an attempt of the govern- or two lives had been lost. Frequent skirment to proceed to extremity with her mishings had taken place in the public plawould well nigh produce a revolution. | ces, between the Royalists and the Liber-Ever since the Queen arrived in Lon- ales. The weapons used were generally

PARIS, JUNE 8. Louvel was executed yesterday evening,

PARIS, JUNE 8. After the execution of the murderer Loutails of this news, which, trivial as a matrimonial disagreer, and may be thought The most perfect calm appeared to reign seditious cries, galloped down the bonlepers respecting the conduct of her Maj sty we will not venture to repeat them. This peaceably withdrew." seditious confederacy marched along the "Numerous assemblages took place Boulevards to the Porte St. Dennis, on their again this evening on the Boulevards, arrival at which their numbers were much from the Porte St. Denis to the Chateau darmerie, fell in with them at the Chateau up these commotions." cesses : at ten o'clock, tranquility was res- | ded. | Censeur European, in the metropolis.

quence of the measures pursued against her alarming tumults have taken place.— leries, and no person is permitted to stop honor and peace for some time by secret They originated in consequence of the near these limits. adopting this course, her Majesty has had Liberales complain that troops have considerably augmented those just rights, which have devolved upon he had not before witnessed for thirty Compeign, arrived vesterday in the su-Upon her arrival, the Queen is surprised to dance. He felt assured that the exast of M.D. St. Marys, was taken into cusfind that a message has been sent down to peration had been excited by the appear- tody by two gens-da mes, in the crowd Parliament requiring its attention to written ance of the regular force. On the other that was proceeding to witness the exc and, it was said, that the conduct of the | cution of Louvel. It is also announced astonishment, that there is an intention of military had exhibited great moderation. Ithat general Solignac, and the Chief proposing that those should be referred to a The groupes that had been dispersed d'Escadon Duvergier, have been arrest-

in the public places between groupes of to the great regret of our maitres d'ho- onaries, I decreed as follows: the utmost readiness to meet her accusers, Roy alists and Liberales. The weapons tel and shop keepers; but as they now used were generally canes, and sticks see that tranquility is re-established, and duct. She also now desires an open inves- with ferrules, and the wounded were nu- that strength rests with the laws, they tigation, in which she may see both the merous. Many arrests have taken have suspended their preparations for out of any particular branch of the pub-

Berri, was executed on the 7th June.

GERMANY. May. A great multitude assembled to witness the execution. It took place not atten o'clock, as was announced, but at six. He was desirous of addressing the at this moment before us a peice of populace; but the president of the jaconet muslin, of a fabric so perfect in court of justice, to whom he had given every particluar, that we may safely ashis word not to do so, reminded him, that sert it to be equal in every respect to any doubtless heldid not wish to perjure him- thing of the kind, produced in the world. self immediately previous to death. He therefore confined himself to merely declaring that he " died for his country." He evinced much calmness and did not accept the assistance of a minister of fine mults of Hindostan. religion. A great number of students from Heidelberg, who travelled with all speed to be present at his exe- Saddal, of this neighborhood, yet it will cution, only arrived at the moment when the executioner was exhibiting the se vered head. Several steeped their handkerchiefs in his blood. Sandt were the Germanic costume.

A lelter from Rome says, that before the ulations of the republic on her accession to the throne.

A free pardon is stated to be making out for Edwards, Adams, Monument, and Dwyer for any treason committed prior to the 23d

The ship owners of London, have pelitioned parliament against the freedom of In the court of King's Bench, Sir F. Bur-

the verdict on his trial should not be set a-

Late News of Brion's Expedition to the Spanish Maine.

By the brig Argus, arrived at Fortsmouth from Bermuda, the editors of the Oracle have received Jaimaca papers to the 12th June.

They state that an engagement took place on the 25th May, between the Royalists and he Independents, at Rio de la Hache, the former commanded by colonel Montillo; after being warmly engaged for two hours, royalists retreated to Morino, with the loss dependents lost thirty men in killed and wounded. At the termination of the contest, the officers of the independent forces applied to Brion for their pay, but he did away their arms, and embarked them on board several vessels, and then sailed from the above port.

The town of Rio de la Hache was set fire to on the night of the 4th June, and the fort blown up, supposed to have been done by the orders of Brion, who it is conjectured has gone to St. Domingo.

The town of Alvirea, near Rio de la Hache, was set fire to and burnt on the 15th May, by the independents. The troops evinced a good deal of insubordination, and all communication was cut off with the in-

en orders not to take hostile measures for defence, unless in the extreme case of absolute pecessity.

fold, even wore a smile of content. He assured and four hundred individuals took place at Port St. Martin. A considerable force of absolute pecessity. was directed to this point, and there paraded up and down for the interval of an At half past 10 o'clock several here, is of high national importance to throughout the capital. This state of apparent security was of short duration. At ed mostly young men between 16 and half past eight o'clock, an assemblage of se- 17 years of age. Some men of mature veral hundred individuals took place on the Boulevard des Capuchins, armed with sticks.

They paraded en masse, exclaiming, "The were closed. They re-assembled on the Charter forever !"-" Long live the Empe- Place de l'Estrapade, whither troops quence of the arrival of the Queen, to com-municate to the House of Lords certain pa-but they are of a nature so atrocious, that champions of the Charter (Cartiers)

encreased. They were met at the entrance d'Eau; troops were posted the whole of the Boulevard Bonne Nouvelle, by a pi- length, and their presence alone restrainquet of Horse National Guard, who at- ed the factions, who sought an occasion tempted in vain to arrest their further pro- to renew the scenes of the preceding gress. A detachment of the Dragoons of days. It is said that considerable sums the Royal Guard, and another of the Gen- of money have been employed to keep

d'Eau, and dispersed them. Several were Vesterday very considerable assemarrested. Some of them repaired to the blages took place on the Boulevard de faubourg St. Antoine, uttering seditious cries Temple. The cries of "the Charter which had no other effect than to occasion forever!" were frequently heard. Dethe shutting up of the shops. The presence tachments of cavalry presently dispersed of the troops of the line, stationed in that them in a determined manner. It is faubourg, restrained them from further ex- said that many persons have been woun-

tored. This evening, at nine, all was quiet | "The orange walk, fronting tire Carousel, continues oscupied by a battallion of the infantry of the royal guard. Paris is in a very unquiet state, and | Sentries are stationed all round the Thul-

departure. The good people who con-Louvel, the assassin of the Duke de sider the money which foreigners spend vil or military station, shall receive only confidence, in spite of the attempts of tinction. The execution of Sandt, the murder-er of Kotzebue, took place on the 20th of denominate (Chartiers) Chartists."

> From the Aurora, June, 29. American Jaconet Muslin-We have

Familiar with the finest webs of Asia. we can confidently assert that peice, before us is equal in beauty, evenness, and much superior in the finishing to the

This peice is the first experiment made at the factory of Messis. Trop & bear inspection and comparison with any

the lawns of Flanders, and for cravats, loan, as the measure might in its tendenand we earnestly recommend the pro- ed, and might be attended with great in Queen left Pesaro, a deputy from the repub- ducts of these ingenious manufacturers conveniency and injury to this important lic of St. Marino, presented her the congrat to the notice and patronage of every branch of the revenue particularly on friend of American prosperity.

FROM THE CAZETTE OF BAGOTA. Cufficol of Cunadinamarca Decree of the President, Bolivar, constitu ng a college for the education of the orphan mildren of the patriots, put to death by Moillo, in place of the former Convent of Capn-

Simon Bolivar, President of the Republic, &c. Considering that public instruction eli without any other hope, of protecion, or subsistence, or education, but that of the republic, in whose cause they were sacrificed; I have judged it proper o decree as follows:

Article 1. The convent of Capuchins in this capito', having been abandoned by the flight of those friars, is, by this decree nenceforth appropriated and established as a college, for the eduteaion of the sacrificed by the Spanish authorities, and for all other orphans, and children of perposed; and the expences to be defrayed Register of the United States, as being by the republic.

country, on the scaffold or in the field of appointments this day published. battle, shall be admitted; and their admission shall be immediate.

Art. 3. The college shall be placed | 2. Andrew Donaldson, of Tennessee. under the care of a director, specially 3. Thomas E. Sudler, of Maryland. charged with its superintendance, econo- 4. Wm. H. Bell, of North Carolina. ny, and interior administration.

The director to be the superior; officer of this college; and it shall be his duty to take special care, and to provide ad-Paris, June 10. cquate means for bestowing on the 3. William Wells, of Indianna, children committed to his direction the 4. Edward H. Courtney, of Maryland. with the liberal principles of republican

> Art.IV. The directors, as well as he instructors and preceptors, shall be appointed by the government.

Art. V. Until the college shall possess funds adequate to the compensation of teachers of all the sciences, the childreu shall be instructed in the elements of grammar, the Spanish language, the principles of religion, morals, logic, frawing, mathematics, experimental philosophy, history, geography and topography

me of the republic.

execution.

ed with the provisional seal of the re-public, and countersigned by the secretary of the government, at the eptember 1819,

(signed) ALZEANDER OSORIO, Secretary Dro tem.

FINANCIAL DECREE SIMON BOLAVAR, President of the Republic, &c.

of the war of the republic, the national evenues are scarcely adequate to cover s of the army, such as clothing, arms: " DEAR SIR quipments of all kinds, and subsistence, my resort to extraordinary exactions, led them. in the view to reconcile as much a "I, my

Art.I. Every person in the service of the republic, whose appointments are payable out of the national treasury, or lic revenue, whether employed ss a ciin Paris as a very legitimate source of one half the pay or allowances of their was never during that time able to call aprofit, endeavor to inspire them with appointments respectively, without dis-

the preceding article shall go into operation in the province of Cundinamarca, on partially engaged in the practice of phisthe first day of Octobea next, and shall continue until otherwise ordered.

Let this decree be printed, published, and communicated to the concerned. Signed by my hand, sealed with my

seal, &c. at Santa Fe. 14th September, 1819. (Ninth Year. (Signed) S. BOLIVAR. (Signed) ALEX. Osonio, Sec'y pro tem.

To the Governors, &c. of the free provinces of New Grenada. SIMON BOLIVAR, President of the Republic, &c.

Feeling that it is expedient in the preent state os the republican affairs, that foreign production of the same number the revenue derived from tithes, should be deposited in the public treasury of the This jaconet rivals in beauty and tex- provinces; even under the form of a ruffles, or fine dresses, has no supeior; cy derange the system all ready establish account of the impediments which could particular board charged with its direcollectors of the tithes in each district of your province, in order that they speedily and without incommodation realise dett has obtained a rule to shew cause why and a liberal education, are the purest the collection of those funds, which means of obtaining and securing public must be deposited in the ecclesiastical prosperity and the most solid basis of the treasury, without the least deduction, as the use of the axe, and to labour of the iberties of the people; and that there has been the practice until lately; be- severest kind. must be a great number of unfortunate cause in the exigencies of the state "I could not at the time repeat ten hild enin Cuandinamarca, whose fathers | should require the appropriation of a have been immolated on the alter of part of those funds for the public ser heir country, by the cruelty of the vice, the government may have it in its Spanish commander, and who have been power to give the necessary orders for

> God preserve you many years. S. BOLIVAR. Head Quaters, Santa Fe, 9th Sept

1819, (9thyear).

DISTINGUISHED CAPETS.

At the late examination of the Milita y Academy at West Point, by the new orphans, of the citizens who have been papers, the following gentlemen were selected, on account of their talents an accquirements, as worthy of having their sons reduced by whatever cause to pov names inserted, agreeably to the regula erty; and of all children or foundlings ex- tions of the Academy, in the Army the republic.

Art. 2 For the present, the children The names of those (all of the senior only of these whose fathers or protectors | class ) recommended to be commissioned

> 1. Stephen Tuttle, of New Jersey. . Wm.C. De Hart, of New York.

FIRST CLASS.

SECOND DLASS. Charles Burpine, of Georgia 2. Charles Dimmick, of Massachusetts John C. Holland, of South Carolina

THIRD CLASS. George Duiton of Connecticut. Nicholas P. Trist, of Louisiana. Thomas R. Ingolis, of New York. John H. Latrobe, of Maryland. Wm. Wall, of Ohio.

FOURTH CLASS Wm. T. Washington, D. of Columbia. laws of primogeniture. Alfred Mordecai, of Virginia. Frederick T. Culon, of Mississppi. Reuben Holmes, Connecticut. 5. John M'Carthy, of Pennsylvania.

The Committon. - Tirce ladies from thed by his will an testament to be app- room, for which they paid 30 guineaslied for the uses of public education; to- On their way to take possession of it they

nal regulations shall determine and re- ed on the outside, and took his departure, gulate every department of education, leaving the disconsolate trio in "durance administration, service, and economy, of vile." Here they remained until all lished, circulated, and duly carried into he expected. They were, of course, liberated; and thought, with Franklin, Given and signed by my hand, and seal that they had paid "too much for their

It appears that speculations have al-Head Quaters at Santa Fe; the 17th ready commenced for affording accomto witness the external exhibitions which S. BOLIVAR. may attend the Coronation. Two houses in Great George street, Westminster, have been let at the enormous sum of will make them so. 23001 each, for the period which the ceremonies may occupy.

Considering that in the present state CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS. We copy the failowing letter detailhe necessary and indispensable expens ed by Dr. Jennings of Va. to Dr. Rush.

" That theory only is to be considered Considering also, that the frequent a rational one which is supported by and exorbitant contributions extorted by facts, and will admit of the most prac he rapacity of the enemy from this pro- tical utility. If the following facts can Ance, have reduced the resources of be of service to you, it will afford me he people to a situation which forbids singular satisfaction to have communica

her Majesty. Then, and upon every occa- frequent skirmishings had taken place for signers were about to leave Paris, interests with these of the public functi- her sisters, and four of her brothers, thy sister being my mothers first child, and a brother next in succession to me by birth, all of them have been swept off the stage of life, in the course of my re collection, by the fatal disease Phthisis Pulmonalis. From my yonth, I was sensible of great debtlity of the lungs, and loud, read, or sing with case which is common to other people. I had gene-Art. II. The principle established by rally lived a studious and sedentary life, except that I had been the two last years ic. An offer was at that time made me

> sake of gaming more leisure for the purpose of reading and study, accepted the offer. In the mean time I had been three years occasionally employed in spe king publicly upon religious sub! jects. From this last engagement I considered my lungs to have gained some strength. It followed, however, that study and confinement did less agree with me than formerly-I could see a daily declension. And at length having been caught in a moderate rain, I was seized with a very severe and obstinate cough I was bled again and again, to no purpose. After a considerable depletion, opium was tried, but in vain-debility, the cough, and every inflamitory symtom increased.

to take charge of an academy. I, for the

"I had recourse to riding-took a journey of several weeks, and continued to let blood as often as the pains were severe, but still in vain. In the mean time I obtained your inquiries, and imnot but arise to the dispositsons of the mediately turned my attention to the subject which most concerned me. After tion; and as it would be at the same time having read that part of the work, I puran abrid gement of the authority vested in sued the following plan, viz:- I let the said board; you are enjoined and re- blood moderately every third day, esquired to afford every protection to the pecially if affected with inflamatory symtoms, until with the previous bloodlettings I had been bled fifteen times in the course of five weeks. By this time I was much reduced, but my cough was no better. I then had recourse to

> strokes without rest. It would seem in the first instance to increase my cough. The result was, that in two weeks I was nearly recovered.

" Finding much amendment, I grew remiss in my labor; and in a few weeks relapsed, and was nearly as ill as before, for I lost ground rapidly in the second instance. Two bleedings and similar labour, however, finally restored me to good health, and I can now sing loud, and on a sharp and high key, can speak wo hours together; and in one word, I consider myself freed from every sym-

tom of that disorder." After relating the case of his wife, which was similar to that of his own, and which was cured by a similar plan,

he concludes thus:-"I shall offer a short reflection or two

frawn from my own case. In the first place, I am persuaded that hard labour, employed in an early stage, can cure the were sacrificed for their fidelity to their will be found in the Official List of New hereditary predisposition in some cases. country, on the scaffold or in the field of appointments this day published. sumptive parents ought never choosesedentary or light employments for their

"Secondly, I conclude, that although a trotting horse may afford a sufficient exercise for many, yet labour will be far more successful.

"And lastly, in all cases, the labour should be such as to require considerable efforts on the part of the patinet. "I laboured continually, and rarely self by rest. I am sincerely, Sir,

Your most obedient, SAMUEL K. JENNINGS." From this letter it would seem that the consumption had assumed in Virginia, an attitude as inheritable as her

FROM THE AMERICAN PARMER. THE GREAT DESIDERATUM.-To prevent My from destroying turnips, always choose a peice of poor land for your turnip patch, plough and harrow it. Art.VI. The funds of the college the neighbourhood of Hull, anxious to until you get it very fine, then manure shall consist for the present of the \$24 witness the procession which attended it well with ashes or well rotted stable, 00, which Dr. JY. Guitterrez bequea- the Coronation of George III engaged a manure; sow your seed with Indian meal, that you may see whether you sow it too thick or too thinly, then harrow ingether with the funds belonging to the were met by a crowd, to avoid which they the seed with an iron tooth harrow, be not former convent & community of capueh- decended into the cellar of a green gro- afraid of putting them in too deep-if in friars: any deficiency which may arise, | cer. The owner was not in at the time, | you bush them in, they are scarcely covshall be supplied out of the public reve- but returning soon after, and fearing ered, they are up before the root has the mob might injure his goods, he imme- taken any hold, and lying on the sur-Art. VII. A special code of inter- diately let fall a trap door, which he fasten- face of the ground, they nearly all perish the first dry spell that follows after their coming up, and you find it very convenient, without further enquiry, to was over, and then the man coming to to cry out-Oh! the cursed fly has cat up Let this decree be printed and pub- his shop, found, to his surpise, more than all my turnips; but choose the poor land, make it fine and rich, and cover your seed decep and the fly will fly away to your neighbours .- The advice here given rests on the authority and practice of an experienced cultivator, on the Reistertown road, who has not missed a modation to those who may be anxious crop of turnips for thirty years; for the common turnip sow between the 20th and the last day of July. If you want them sweet, a week or ten days later

> HARRISBURGH, PA. July 21. David Lewis died of his wounds, and was buried at Bellefonte, on Thursday the 19th.

> > To Brewers.

PERSON who has been some years engaged in the BREWING BUSINESS in the neighbrihood of Philadelphia, offera himself to any gentleman to conduct a POI-TER AND ALE BREWERY, and feels onfident, from the success he has experienced, and the respectable references he can ominand as to character and capability, that secret committee. It is this day 14 years were shouting "Long live the Empesince the first charges were brought against ror!" One or two lives had been lost. The Gazette do France save, "Main the view to reconcile as much a letters (post paid) addressed to W. Sa kin,
Market-street, Baltimore, will be attended to.

Baltimore, July 19, 1830—31\* t will be found an offer but seldom met

#### LEXINGTON: THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10.

#### General Election.

We present to our readers this day the From most of the counties below, we have only beard of the result of the first day. FOR GOVERNOR.

The second second	5	EG	>	C
	140	52		- B1
and the state of the state of	-		, p	
Fayette, 3d day,	555	458	1104	219
Scott, 3d day : :	817	175	570	76
Bourbon, ,, : :	221	144	114	1385
Jessamine, 3d day,	376	396	27.0	18
Harrison, 2d day,	78	125	66	648
Woodford, 1st day,	231	121	146	3
Garrard, ,,	279	4	305	87
Lincoln,	365	3	92	
Franklin	150	211	234	5
Fleming,	229	42	15	364
Clarke,	324	93	117	105
Montgomery,,	37	158	15	206
sienry.	131	285	168	29
Nicholas, ,,	79	13	5	356
Mason, ,,	107	10	93	382
Biercer, "	241	124	467	4
Bath, "	56	190	52	290
Shelby, ,,	649	25	194	10
Owen,	88	14	27	00
Madison, 3d day,	878	147	255	261
The counties	of SI	helby,	Madison	and

Henry do not include the precinct returns. LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

	ALABRY.	BLACKBURN
Fayette, 3d day -	1578	648
Scott, ,, -	840	633
Jessamine, Sd day	- 581	443
Bourbon,	895	902
Harrison, 2d day.	525	264
Woodford, 1st day	198	295
Lincoln,	1 82	577
Franklin, ,,	332	117
Mercer,	681	168
Fleming,	504	109
Clarge,	305	322
Montgomery , .	433	40
Henry,	495	119
Meson, ,,	299	176
BERTHER TOWNS OF SERVICE		400
NOW AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAM		

LOCAL ELECTIONS. On the last day of the election, in the votes stood as follows:

CONGRESS.					
Woodson, : 1159	Pope. : 1037				
	TE.				
Flournoy, : 1205	Parker, : 940				
REPRESEN					
Botler, : : 1115	Dallant Con				
23000013 2 2 1113	Bullock, : 731				
Shannon, : 1025	Lizer, : : 453				
Payne, : : 10 3	McKenney. : 356				
Wickliffe, : 939	True, : : 524				
	2014 14 19 3 3				

In Jessamin	e.—Congress.					
Woodson, : 866	Pope, :	151				
Senate.						
Bowmar, : 545		471				
	epresectatives.					
Caldwell, : 580	1 Craige	531				
Clark, : : 534	Jackman,	494				
-	- Carrier					
In Scott.—Congress.						
Johnson,: 1447	Grimes, :	: 21				
Senate,						
Smith, : : 674	Bradford, :	287				
Hunter, : 622						
House of Representatives.						
Prowitt, : 1422	Jackson, :	161				
Patterson, : 1024	Suggett, :	49				
Bradford, : 670						

STATE OF MISSOURI.

Constitution of the new state of Missouri, and this day commence its publication. It was which I shall manifest my acknowledge free white male citizen of the United punish by fine or imprisonment any perour first design to make an analysis of its pro- ment by sending him your volumes as States; who shall not have been an in- son not a member who shall be guilty. visions. But, the electioneering campaign they come out. My original being lent habitant of this state four years, and of of disrespect to the house by any disor being over, we do not believe we could offer out, I have no means of collating it with the district which he may be chosen to derly or contemptions behavior in their all the Senators present. to our readers a better treat than to give the instrument entire. On account of its length, two or three numbers of the Gazette will be necessarily employed in doing this. We congratulate the patriotic inhabitants of this new REPUBLIC on the able and dignified manner in which they have entered the great cox PERENACE. The observations they have been enabled to make on the perfections and imperfections of the constitutions of other states, and the very respectable talents employed in the convention, united to produce a CHARTER equal to any in the Union. A national salute was fired on the day it was signed.

EUROPEAN.

Our London dates are as late as the 10th of June. The entrance of the Queen of England and Messrs. Moore, M: Afee and Thompinto the metropolis produced considerable exson representatives. citement. So far as our limits permitted, we this day give a detail of the important event. She is justly considered as a rallying point for the people, against the infamous perfidy of the corrupt ministry of the profligate British sovereign. The Queen demands a fair and public trial for supposed distitution of moral virtue. Her right is indubitable-and her formation and strict republican integri wretched husband dare not effect a denial of ty, and his long residence in the counthat demand, without exciting the indignation, contempt and even resistance of the English people. Domestic quarrels do not usually excite such vast curiosity and interest: but when they are resolved into a great national emergency, it is but right they should. The English monarch is notoriously licentious in his amours-and his worthy spouse has been publicly charged with infidelity. From all we can learn she is innocent; and no doubt exists, but that George IV. has employed in-Auential foreigners and others, during Caroline's residence in Italy, to traduce her character, and swear to false tales of inconstancy on her part. The fact is, the miserable monster who is scated on the British throne, at this time, is, like many of his vain and pedantic subjects, canable of any mean ness whatever. No reconciliation between the parties, of their own management is ex-

of her rights, privileges and dignities.

It is contemplated to sacrifice her majesty lieve the throne, backed by all the ministry, will be able to accomplish so neferious a purthe magnificent dwelling of the Marchioness"

of the general interests and freedom of Ireland, will endear himto his warm countrymen as long as time shall last. In short, the British parliament, and the united Kingdom-

AMERICAN REVOLUTION. tory of the American Revolution. We have directed or permitted. never seen the work; but have no doubt of its Superior excellence. Mr. Walch, in the National Gazette of July 19, eulogises it and fathe sage of Monticello to Mr. Otis :

MONTICELLO, July 8, 1820. "SIR-I thank you for De Pradt's Book Fayette County, at the close of the polls, much wished to see. Although his style tors of the several counties. Each counhas too much of amphibology to be sait- ty shall have at least one representative, we gether from him great outlines, and shall never exceed one hundred. profound views of the new constitution of Europe, and of its probable cosequenter of the house of representatives who

> part of the general history, & of enliken, and who shall not, moreover have vening the whole with the constant glow paid a state or county tax.
>
> of his holy enthusiasm for the liberty and Sec. 4.—The General Assembly at Sec. 18.—Each house may deterof his holy enthusiasm for the liberty and independence of nations Neutral as a historian should be in the relation of facts, he is never neutral in his factions not have the proceedings; punche is never neutral in his factions not have the neutral and the never neutral in his factions not have the neutral ne must thank him too for having brought within the compass of three volumes every thing we wish to know of that war, and in a style so engaging that we can lour years. No person shall be a senathe translation; but see no cause to doubt represent one year next before his el- presence, during their session; provi

TH. JEFFERSON. George Alexander Otis, Philidelphia.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION. Mr. BARR's friends thought proper to drop him at the opening of the election. The Woodford vote, which we have not received, increases Mr. Woodson's majority considerably. In Mercer, Mr. Briscoe is said to be elected Senator,

The republicans of this Congressional district appear to be well satisfied at the election of Mr. Woodson as the successor of Mr. Clay. We certainly should have been gratified if Mr. Barr had have been presered. His known political intry, give him strong claims to the high opinion of his fellow citizens.

CONSTITUTION OF THE

State of Missouri. We the people of Missouri, inhabiting the lines herein after designated, by our representatives in convention assembled at St. Lauis, on Alonday the 12th day of June 1820, do mutually agree to form and establish a free and independent republick, by the name of "THE STATE OF MISSOURI." and for the government thereof do ordain fal Assembly and establish this constitution.

ARTICLE I. OF BOUNDARIES We do declare, establish, ratify and

pected. The King appeals to parliament to "Regiming in the middle of the Mis fin the county or district in which he shall direct by law in what courts, suits maintain the honor and dignity of the crown.

The Queen makes an appeal to both the lesix degrees of north latitudes there liked elective offices: Sec. 26.—The General Assembly rislature and the nation for the maintenance west along the said parallel of latitude previded, that no soldier, seaman or marto the St. Francois river; thence up inclinathe regular army or navy of the and following the course of that river. United States shall be entitled to vote at by a "bill of degradution." We do not be- in the middle of the main channel three any election in this state. of, to the parallel of latitude of thirtysix agrees and thirty minutes; thence west along the same to a point where pose. A public trial must precede the inflic- the said parallel is intersected by a meri- ty treasurer, register er recorder, clerk state of the Polls for GOVERNOR, so far as tion of any legislative penalty or stigma, and the mouth of the Kansas river, where member of Congress, no other person reach of the royal personage so unrighteously the same empties in the Missouri abused by the vilest debauchee in Europe .-- Triver; thence from the point aforesaid The opposition in parliament have already north, along the said meridian line, to displayed their devotion to the Queen; and the intersection of the parallel of lat. the populace have strongly exhibited their tude which passes through the rapids of gallantry and attachment by "demolishing the the river Des Moines, making the said windows of two of the ministers, and sacking line correspondent with the Indian boundlary line; thence east, from the point of who has long reigned in the heart of the King. parallel of latitude, to the middle of the Ireland is reduced to the sad necessity of channel of the main fork of the said riv- of the General nourning over the grave of one of her bright- the middle of the main chancel of the accounter est, truest and most patriotic sons. The dis-tinguished GRATTAN is no more. Unlike the same, where it empties into the Mismany of the Irish characters, this great man sissippi river; thence due cast to the tinues to exercise the functions of a bish was above corruption-above the allurements | middle of the main channel of the Mis- ob, priest, ciergyman, or teacher of any of sordid Gold. His elevated soul could nev. sissipi river; thence down and follower be bribed into perfidy. His noble exertions ling the course of the Missisippi river, ciety or sect whatsoever, shall be eligin favor of Catholic emancipation, and in favor in the middle of the main channel there- ble to either house of the General As

> OF THE DISTRIBUTION OF TOWERS. The powers of government shall be! ed with the exercise of powers properly belonging to one of those departments shall exercise any power properly be-George A. Otts, of Philadelphia, is about longing to either of the others, except to publish a translated edition of Rotta's his- in the instances herein after expressly

> > ARTICLE III.

OF THE LEGISLATURE POWER. Section I .- The legislative power vors the public with the following letter from shall be vested in a a General Assembly, which shall consist of a "Senate," and thereof, be disqualified for an election, or of a "House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. The bouse of representatives on the Congress of Aix la Chapelle. It shall consist of members to be chosen is a work I had never seen, and had every second year by the qualified elec-

sad, to know how to keep clear of twenty four years; who shall not be a tions of the people. free white male citizen of the United "I am glad to find that the excellent States; who shall not have been an in- its own officers, and shall judge of the Sec. 28.—Any person who shall maof sifting the truth of facts from our own shall have been so long established, but business, but a smaller number may histories with great judgment, of supif not, then of the county or counties adjourn from day to day, and may compressing details which do not make a from which the same shall have been to pel the attendance of absent members in

exactness. With my request to become ection, if such district shall have been so ded, that such fine shall not exceed three shall have been taken, and who shall one offence. not, moreover have paid a state or coun- Sec. 20 .- Neither house shall, with

In this Congressional district most of thirty three members, for the election of the two houses may be sitting unties of which such districts consists of the Senate. ng a district

ourth year, so that one half of the sena- with the journal. ors shall be chosen every second year. Sec. 23-Senators and Representa-

continuance at elections, and in going to, in any other place. and returning from the same.

confirm the following as the permanent one year before an election, the last made.

boundaries of said easte, that is to say: where of whereof shall have been Sec. 25.—The General Assembly of the state of Microuries of said easte, that is to say: where months whereof shall have been sec. 25.—The General Assembly of the state of Microuries of said easte, that is to say: where months whereof shall have been sec. 25.—The General Assembly of the state of Microuries of said eastern than the following as the permanent one year before an election, the last made.

Sec. 11 .- No judge of any court of law or equity, secretary of state, attorney general, state auditor, state or counholding any Jucrative office under the United States, or this state, militia officers, instices of the peace and post masters excepted, shall be eligible to cither house of the General Assembly.

Sec. 12 .- No person who now or hereaffer may be, a collector of holder of polic money, nor any assistant or depuy of such collector or holder of public noney, shall be eligible to either house of the General Attainible, for to any of-fice of profit of crist until he shall have accounted a cond and all sums for which to be accountable. Sec. 19—No person while he con-

gious persuasion, denomination, so sembly; nor shall be be appointed to aby office of profit within the state, the office of justice of the peace excepted.

Sec. 16 .- The General Assemgly divided into three distinct departments. shall have power to exclude from ever mains were intered in Westminster Abbey by the side of the celebrated Charles Fox. persons convicted of bribery, pejary, or other infamous crime.

> SEC. 15 .- Every person who shall be invicted of having, directly or indirecty, given or offered any bribe to procure his election or appointment, shall be disqualified for any office of honor, trust or profit under this state; and any person who shall give or offer any bribe to procure the election or appointment of any other person, shall, on conviction for any office of honor, trust or profit under this state for ten years after such conviction.

Sec. 16 .- No Senator or Represenative shall, during the term for which he slaves shall not be deprived of an imparshall have been elected, be appointed to that trial by jury; and a slave convicted ments of which shall have been increased, would be inflicted on a white person

Sec. 17 .- Each house shall appoint fence

he is never neutral in his feelings, nor and one thousand eight hundred and and with the concurrence of two thirds in the warm expression of them, on the twenty-four, respectively, and every of all the members elected, expel a trium ha and reverses of the conflicting fourth year thereafter, shall cause an a member, but no member shall be exparties, and of his honest sympathies with commercation of the inhabitants of this pelied a second time for the same cause. that engaged in the better cause. An- state to be made; and, at the first ses- They shall each, from time to time, pub other merit is in the accuracy of his nar- sion after each enumeration, shall appor- lish a journal of their proceedings, es rative of those portions of the same war tion the number of representatives a- cept such parts as may in their opinion which passed in other quarters of the mong the several counties according to require secrecy; and the year and nay globe, and especially on the ocean. We the number of free white male inhabi- on any question shall be entered on the jounrals at the desire of any two mem-

a subscriber to your work, he pleased to long established, bot if not, then of the hundred dollars, and such imprisonment

SEC. 6 .- The senate shall consist of more than two days at one time, nor le not less than fourteen, nor more than any other place than to that in which

whom the state shall be divided into | Sec. 21 .- Bills may originate in ei envenient districts, which may be all ther house, and may be altered, amonered from time to time, and new dis- ded, or rejected by the other; and evewhen a senatorial district shall be com- be signed by the speaker of the House support the constitution of the United

hall not be entirely separated by any Sec. 22.—When any officer, civil or shall meet on the third Monday in Separated by any lounty belonging to another district, military, shall be appointed by the joint shall meet on the third Monday in Separated by with the letter

Sec. 8 .- After the first day of Janua- tires shall, in all cases, except of treary, one thousand eight hundred and son, felony or breach of the peace, be by law shall ever be reduced by the es twenty two, all general elections shall privileged from arrest during the ses- tablishment of new counties to less than on mence on the first Monday in Au- sion of the General Assembly, and for twenty miles square; nor shall any gust, and shall be held biennially, and fitteen days next before the commence- county hereafter be established which he electors, in all cases, except of trea- ment, and after the termination of each shall contain less than four hundred son, felony, or breach of the peace, shall session; and for any speech or debate in square miles. be privileged from arrest during their cit or house they shall not be questioned

Sec. 24-The members of the Gener-SEC. 9 .- The governor shall issue al Assembly shall severally receive from civil and criminal, shall be revised, diwrits of election to fill such vacancies as the public treasury a compensation for gested, and promulgated in such manti ne be increased or diminished by law; rect; and a like revision, digest and proof the U. States who shall have attain- to increase the compensation of memed to the age of twenty one years, and bers, shall take offect during the ses liyears.

shall have no power to pass laws, First, For the emancipation of slaves without the consent of their owners; or without paying them before such emancipation, a full equivalent for | such slaves so emancipated; and,

SECOND, To prevent bona-fide emigrams to this state, or actual settons as may there be deemed to be

They shall have power to pass laws, First, To prohibit the introduction into this state of any slaves who may have committed any high crime also be redeemed. in any other state or territory;

Tring, To probabit the introduction of any slave, or the offspring of any slave, who heretofore may have will be found in this day's paper. been, or who hereafter may be imny existing statute of the United

States; and,
Fourth, To permit the owners of Nathan Ewing slaves to emancipate them, saving James Stewart, the rights of creditors, where the Jesse Wharton, person so emancipating, will give Tho. Washington, Jos. T. Elistonsecurity that the slave so emancipated shall not become a public

It shall be their duty, as soon as may

whatsoever; and,

and to abstain from all injuries to of the notes issued .- [16. them extending to life or limb.

Sec. 27.- In prosecutions for crimes. ed to the saber precision of politics, yet but the whole number of representatives any civil office under this state which of a capital offence shall suffer the same shall have been created, or the emolu-degree of punishment, and no other, that ments of which shall have been increased would be indicted on a white person during his continuance in office, except for a like offence; and courts of jusces: These are things we should under-shall not have attained to the age of to such offices as shall be filled by elec-tice before whom slaves shall be tried, Ball Room, on Monday the 14th inst. shall assign them counsel for their de- Hours of attendance for Gentlemen, from fence 6 to 8 o'clock, A. M. For Ladies, from 4 to 6

work of Botta is, at length, translated: the halmant of this state two years, and of qualifications, elections and returns of liciously deprive of life or dismember a lient to attend the hours above mentioned, merit of this work has been too long untree of the county which he represents one year known with us. He has had the faculty next before his efection, if such county house shall constitute a quorum to do would be inflicted for the like offence the house of 11 and 10 clock.

August 10, 1820. if it were committed on a free white per- August 10. 1820.

> Sec. 29 .- The Governor, Lieutenant Sovernor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Freasurer, Attorney General, and all hall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeanor in office; but judgment misdemeanor in office; but judgment Almost new, with a set of SILVER MONNY. In such case shall not extend further than ED HARNESS, compleat. Application to be removal from office, and disqualification made at Mr. Luke Usher's Tavern removal from office, and disqualification oany office of honor, trust or profit under the state. The party impeached, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to be indicted; tried and punished according to law.

Sec SO—The house of representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the senators shall be tried by the senators shall be on that purpose, the Senators shall be on that purpose, the Senators shall be on the propose, the Senators shall be on the propose of them elegantly fine. Also, Gymps and Legherns, and every article usually kept in the Millinary line, with Ribbons and Domestic Cottons.

3.3.3 Lexington, Aug. 8th, 1820. We received by Tuesday night's mail the not lay the book down. He had been so tor who shall not have attained to the kept open except in cases which may ling to law and evidence. When the side; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of

Sec. 31-A state Treasurer shall be piennially appointed by joint vote of the two houses of the General Assembly, accept the assurance of my great res- district or districts from which the same shall not exceed forty-eight hours for who shall keep his office at the seat of government. No money shall be drawn rom the treasury but in consequence of out the consent of the other, adjourn for appropriations made by law; and an accurate account of the receipts and expenditures of the public money shall be

annually published.
Sec. 32-The appointment of all officers not otherwise directed by this constitution shall be made in such manner ricts established, as publick convenience ry bill shall be read on three different as may be prescribed by law; and all praised to sixty dollars before me as Justice may require; and the senators shall be days in each house, unless two thirds of officers both civil and military under apportioned among the several districts the house where the same is depending the authority of this state shall, before this 7th day of August, 1819. according to the number of free white shall dispense with this rule; and every entering on the duties of their respecmale inhabitants in eash, provided, that bill, baving passed both houses, shall tive offices, take an oath or affirmation to osed of two or more counties, the of Representatives, and by the President States, and of this state, and to demean themselves faithfully in office.

and no county shall be divided in form- or concurrent vote of both houses, or by tember next; on the first Monday in M on each side of the bit. The Mare about the separate vote of either house of the Newember eighteen hundred and twenty Sec. 7 - At the first session of the General Assembly, the votes shall be one; on the first Monday in November Any person delivering the said Mare, Saddle ceneral Assembly the senators shall be publicly given viva voce, and entered on eighteen hundred and twenty-two; and and Bridle, shall be well rewarded for their livided by lot as equally as may be, the journals. The whole list of mem-thereafter the General Assembly shall trouble. ato two classes. The seats of the first bers shall be called, and the names of meet once in every two ie rs, and such class shall be vacated at the end of the absentees shall be noted and published meeting shall be on the first Monday in November, unless a different day shall be appointed by law.

Sec. 34.-No county now established

Sec. 35-Within five years after the statute laws of a general nature, both also on the 22d day of the same month, take may occur in either, house of the Gener- their services, which may from time to uer as the General Assembly shall di-SEC. 10 .- Every white male citizen but no alteration increasing, or tending mulgation shall be made at the expiraltion of every subsequent period of ten

who shall have resided in this state sion at which such alteration shall be Sec. 36-The style of the laws of this

Nashvill, August 2. The General Assembly of this state ojourned on Monday last, after a session f five weeks and one day, having passed about one hundred and sixty laws, mostly of a private nature. The titles of those of a general nature will be found

The indisposition of our reporter, has prevented us from publishing the pro-ceedings of the Legislature for the last tiers therein, from bringing from week. We understand, however, that any of the United States, or from an attempt to pass a stofi-law, failed by any of their territories, such per- one or two votes. The law to " preent sacrifice of real estate," provides slaves, so long as any persons of that the debtor may redeem his land and the same description are allowed to negroes sold under execution, at any be held as slaves by the laws of this time within two years from such sale, on paying the purchaser ten per cent. per annum, on the money he may have a lvanced Personal property sold before the first day of December next, may

It is our intention to publish such laws SECOND, To prohibit the introduction as are of interest to the public generalfor the purpose of speculation, or ly as soon as we can procure copies of as an article of trade or merchanthem.—Whig.

> New Rank .- The laws incorporating The Bank of the State of Tennessee,

On Saturday last, the following genported from any foreign country in- tlemen were elected directors of the into the United States, or any territo- stitution, to serve until the next stated ry thereof, in contravention of a- session of the General Assembly:

JOHN M'NAIRY, President, George W. Gibbs, David M'Gavock, John Catron, R. C. Foster, Andrew Hynes, 116.

Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank .- We understand that the law "concerning be, to pass such laws as may be neces- the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Nashville," provides, that the notes of Finar, To prevent free negroes and that bank shall be received by public mulattues from coming to, and set officers in discharge of debts, &c. on the thing in this state, under any pretext same terms as those of the State and Nashville Bank, on condition that the Second, To oblige the owners of stockholders will become individually slaves to treat them with humanity responsible for the ultimate redemption

## Writing School.

G. & J. ELY, ton and vicinity, that they will re-commence their WRITING SCHOOL, at Mr. Giron's

N. B. Those who cannot make it conven-

For Sale very low For Cash. A PAIR OF WELL TRAINED

Match Horses; Jersey Wagon, Lexington, Aug. 10, 1820-33-4t

Straw Bonnets.

Mrs. Saunders,

# 10,000 Yards Domestic

ONSISTING of Plaids, Stripes. Pickings, Shirtings, and Sheetings bleached and brown, for sale by the piece, at the Philadelphia wholesale prices, with the addition of carriage and exchange; Cotton Thread, white and coloured by the Box and pound-Also,

22 Pieces Sattinetts. best quality. HIGGINS & PRITCHARTT. August 10, 1820.-33-3t

MAKEN up hy Elijah Jackson living in Jessamine county, on Hickman creek, near Sagercy's Mill, one dark BAY HORSE, about years old, 15 hands high, some small saddle spots His back appears to have been hurt by the saddle lately, but is nearly well Some appearance of a brand on the near shoulder, of the peace for the said county of Jessamine,

Strayed or Stolen,

ON the 9th inst, from the Rack of Levy O Murry, Lexington, on Water-street, a BAY MARE, SADDLE and BRIDLE—The fifteen hands, a blemish in the near eye, shod

JOHN BOYD. August 10, 1820-33 B. The mare is about 9 or ten years old.

To John Curry and Mary Curry, Take Notice,

THAT I shall on the 18th day of September in the year 1820, take the depos John Reno and others, at the house of Jesse Reno, in the county of Muhlenburgh—and I shall also, on the 20th day of said month, in the year the 1820, take the deposition of Anthony Thompson and others, at the house of Samuel

the deposition of John Vanada and others, at the house of Samuel Hopkins, esq. in the county of Henderson, to be read as evidence in Henderson Circuit Court, wherein I am de-fendant and you are complainant. MARTIN VANADA August S, 1820-31\*2m

Blanks of ever kind

For sale of this Office.

Subscribers are requested to pay their sub-scriptions to either of the following gentlemen .- Those who receive their papers where no agent has been appointed, are requested to remit by mail.

Bowling Green-Ford & Stevenson, printers. Bardstown-Mr. Grayson, p. m. or Mr. Bar-

net, Printer.

Baltimore—John S. Skinner. Cincinnati—Post Master.
Clarksville, Ten.—Post-master.
Danville—Daniel Barbee, p. m. Eddyville-Mr. Lyon, p. m. Edwardsville, Ill.-Post-master. Estill C. H.—Post-master. Ellisville-Post-master. Flemingsburgh—Mr. Ballard, p. m. Frankfort—Mr. Crockett, p. m. Georgetown—Mr. Sebree, p. m. Hopkinsville-Mr. J. Bryan, p. m. ntsville-Post-master. rodsburgh-Mr. Keller, p. me

Jeffersonville, Ind .- Post-master. Louisville—Mr. Gray, p. m.
Lancaster—J. P. Letcher, p. m.
Millersburgh—George Talbot, esq.
Mountsterling—Henry Daniel, esq. or the Mouroe, Ten .- Post-master.

Maysville-Mr. Roe, p. m. Mays Lick-Mr. Shotwell, p. m. Mount Zion-Post-master.
Nashville, T-Joseph Norvell, esq. or the
Post-master. Natchez-Post-master. Nicholasville-Dr. Younng, p. m. New-Orleans-Bartlet & Cox, or Postmaster

New-Glasgow-Post-master.
Owingsville-Post-master. Philadelphia Mr. Bache, p. m. Paris Mr. Patten, p. m. Richmond Mr. J. Turner, Printer. Russellville-Mr. Piper, d. p. m. St. Louis-Mr. Henry, Printer, or Post

Fincemes-Thos. Dubois & Co. Versailles—Joseph W. Bryson, p. m. Winchester—Mr. Ritchie, p. m. Washington—Mr. Murphy, p. m.

Malt Liquors. GEORGE WOOD, has now for sale, at t Porter and Beer,

And will in a short time, have 'PALE ALE ready for market, all brewed in the most celebrated London mode, as taught him by Richard Flower, esq. of Albion, Illinois, during his stay in this place.

Draft Porter, \$8 per barrel

Bottled do. 12 per dozen

Beer 7 per barrel

Do. 32 per half barrel

Do. 32 per half barrel

Do. 35 cents per Jar of 32 gallons delivered at the Brewery.

Pale Ale. 9 per barrel

2 per dozen. The Jars will be found well adapted for

small families, they are constructed so as to draw off the liquor with a crane. CASH will be paid for BARLEY at the

\*Mr. Flower acquired his knowledge of Brewing, at Whithread's Brewery, London, and was atterwards long extensively engaged Lexington New Brewery, Dec. 27-53tf

### James E. Davis,

WILL practice Law in the Fayette Courts. We His office will be found over the room formerly occupied by Ja. Haggin, esq. first door below Frazer's corner. He pledges himself to be diligent and punctual in Aug. 20-34tf

#### LAW OFFICE.

Win. T. Barry & Laurence Leavy, Office for payment. AVING associated themselves in the prac-I tice of LAW, will attend to an that may be entrusted to them. Their Office is kept opposite the Court-house, on Main street, adjoining Morton's corner. Lexington, Sept. 23, 1819 —39-tf

#### LAW OFFICE.

U. B. Chambers & J. F. Robinson. WILL Practice LAW in conjunction in the Scott and Fayette Courts. Their Of-fice is kept in Georgetown, opposite captain Branin's Tavern. December 17, 1819.

#### Public Notice.

THE subscriber will give for HOGS, delivered either gross or neat, at Leestown, on the Kentucky river, a liberal price. He will give 50 Cents per Bushel for WHEAT—40 Cents per Gallon for WHISKEY; and One Dollar per Bushel for PEAS or BEANS, delivered at the above place JA MES JOHNSON.

Great Crossings, Dec. 1819-49tf

#### Iron and Castings. REMOVAL.

THE Lexington Iron Store is now kept at the corner of Main-street and Cheapside, in the White house lately occupied by ear;
Andersons, where is now to be found the best assortment of Wrought iron, probably ever brought to Lexington, consisting of:

Tire of assorted sizes, Axe bar, By the Day, Hoe bar, Horseshoe, Scolloped and square bar; ALSO, -MILL SPINDLES, CROW-

BAR, SLEDGE and WEDGE PATTERNS, PLOUGH IRONS, of various sizes,

Which assortment will constantly be supplied from the Slate and Red River forges, with from five to ten rons per week, during the season.—The quality of this Iron needs no better recommendation than the use of it, which has been judged very superior by all that have tried it Castings of a good quality, and well assorted, constantly on hands; to-gether with every description of Mill irons. All orders for Castings will be promptly atided to, and delivered when complete at the Lexington Iron Store.

For T. D OWENS.

L. L. SHREVE.
Lexington, March 24, 1820 12—t

## STRAY COW.

STRAYED from Lexington about the 26th of July, a RED MILCH COW -Her marks are not exactly recollected, but it is thought she has a crop and slit in right earthought she has a crop and she in thin order.

has tolerable sharph rus, and is in thin order.

Any person giving information of the said Cow all reasonable expenses paid.

Sow YEL WOOLFOLK.

May 12th, 1820—21\* rewarded for their trouble.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. STATES

WHEREAS the President of the United States is authorised by law to cause cer-tain lands of the United States to be offered

greeably to law, of certain lands, shall be held At Delaware, in Ohio, on the first Mondays n August and October next, for the sale of the lands which have been surveyed in the listrict of Delaware, being 45 townships and

the United States, do hereby declare & make known, that public sales for the disposal, a-

fractional townships, viz August Sale.
Townships 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6, S. of range
1, S, 4, 5 and 6, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6,

Townships 1, 2, 3 and 4, south of range 2, 3 and 4, 2, 3, 4 and 5,

At Piqua, in Ohio, on the first Monday in Beptember next, for the sale of the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Piqua, being 33 townships and fractional

At Brookville, in Indiana, on the first Monday in October next, for the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Brookville being 36 townships and fractional townships At Jeffersonville, in Indiana, on the first Monday in August next, for the lands lately surveyed in the district of Jeffersonville, be-

ng 27 townships and fractional townships.
At Terre Haute, in Indiana, on the first Monday in September next, for the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Terre Haute, being 43 townships and fraconal townships. At Edwardsville, Illinois, on the first Mon-

day in October next, for the lands lately surveyed in the district of Edwardsville, being 38 townships and fractional townships.

At Arkansas, in the territory of Arkansas, on the first Mondays of August and October next, for the lands surveyed in the district of

Arkansas, being 53 townships and fractional townships, viz: August Sale.
Townships 5, 7, 9 and 10, S. of R. 19, west.

of 5th principal Meredian
5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 do. 20,
6, 7, 8 and 9 do. 21, , 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 14 do. 22, October Sule.
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 14, south

of range 23, west of 5th principal meredia 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 do. 24 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 do. 25 do. 9, 10, 11 and 12 9, 10 and 11

9 and 10 9 and 10 At Jackson, in Missouri, on the secon Monday in September next, for the lands sur-veyed in the district of Cape Girardeau, beng thiry-five townships and fractional town

At Franklin, in Missouri, on the first Mon day in November next, for the lands in the Military Bounty tract, (north of the Missou-ririver,) which could not be distributed to soldiers, being chiefly quarter sections and fractions, too small or too large for bounty

At Cahaba, in Alabama, on the first Monday in November next, for the lots in the towns of Claiborne and Jackson, and for townships 2 and 17 in range 20, and for township 18 n range 19, which were advertised but not offered for sale in March 1819.

Each sale shall continue three weeks and on onger; and each sale will commence with and range, and proceed in regular numerical order. The lands reserved by law for the use rder. The lands reserved by the street street is schools, or for other purposes, will, as usu-

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the eighteenth day of April, in the year 1820.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President,
JOSIAH MEIOS, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Printers who are authorised to publish the laws of the United States, will insert the above nce a week, till the 1st of November next. nd send their accounts to the General Land

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. STATES THEREAS, by an act of Congress passed on the 17th of March, 1820, entitled "An act to authorise the President of the U ited States to appoint a Receiver of the pul ic monies and Register of the Land Office for he district of Lawrence county in the Arkan as territory," it is enacted, that any perso aving a claim to a right of pre-emption with the said district, shall make known hi claim and location, according to the provisio of the laws now in force, to the Register: least six weeks before the time to be designed ted by the President of the United States for assuing patents to the soldiers of the late ar y, entitled to bounty land in said district :

Therefore I, James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby designate the ourth Monday of November next, as the time at which patents as aforesaid shall commen

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the eighteenth of April 1820.

JAMES MONROE.

Jostan Meios, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Travellers and Others ARE informed, they can be accommodated at

B. Gaines's Boarding House. ON Market-street, between the Episcopal Church and the Public Square, by the Day, Week, or Single Meal, viz: Roarding & lodging by the Week, \$4 50 Dinner, : : : Breakfast or Supper,

Horse, Livery Stable prices. Lexington, June 22, 1820.-25

Cash for Mustard Seed. The subscriber gives the Highest price is Cash, for clean Brown

MUSTARD SEED, Which he Manufactures in the best manner for Table use. TARMERS will find it their interest to preserve the seed, and the public in patron

N. PRENTISS. N. B. Case for empty Mustard Bottles. Lex. Feb. 4.—5::6m—\$2\*

## 100 Dollars Reward.

Note Lost.

Note Lost.

Machinery &c.

May be had on the shortest notice. Also, will be kept on hand Bells for Taverns, Houses large scar on his right cheek. Any person delivering me the said Negro, shall be entitled to the above reward, if taken out of the state, or 10 dollars if taken in the state, and all reasonable expenses paid.

Note Lost.

Machinery &c.

May be had on the shortest notice. Also, will be kept on hand Bells for Taverns, Houses and Horses; refined Wagon, Carriage and Horses; refined Wagon, Carriage and Gigg Boxes; Hatter's, Tailor's and FLAT mons; Scale Weights and Woffle Irons; of George Trotter & Son, and receive a libert of George Trot

## Military Goods &c.

Henry Fletcher,

Corner of Main Street & Jordan's Row, AS just received a fresh assortment of street, opposite the Court-house Military Equipments, consisting of Rich plated and gilt mounted Swords,

Gold and silver Epauletts. Vulture and common Plumes-vari-

ous colours Gold and silver Lace, &c. &c.

He has also received a few first rate 8 Day Clocks, Clock Castings, Clock and Watch-ma-ker's Tools and Materials, Crucibles, &c. &c. Which, with his former stock of rich Jewelry, Watches, &c. he is determined to sell at very Watches repaired in the best manner as

March 24-12 8t

#### NOTICE.

THIS is to certify to all whom it may con- Mulmul and Leno Muslins Multiful and Leno Muslins do.

Long Lawn and Linen Cambrick do.

Long Lawn and Linen Cambrick do.

Long Lawn and Linen Cambrick do.

Canton Crapes, plain and figured do.

Canton Shawls and Scarfs do.

Canton Shawls and Scarfs do.

Country of Fayette, and state of Kentucky, and fall the same where he pleases, for the consideration of One Hundred Dollars, Cash in hand, paid before the delivery of the instrument, as witness my hand.

Multiful awn and Linen Cambrick do.

Canton Shawls and Scarfs do.

Cotton and Silk Shawls

Bandanna and Cotton Handkerchiefs do.

Thread and Silk Lace

Black, white and figured Sattins do. ment, as witness my hand.

ASA JOHNSON.

(Witness,)
RICHARD SHEPLEY, and RICHARD JOHNSON. THE UNDERSIGNED.

Having purchased the above PATENT of Dr.

Asa Johnson, informs the public that they may be had as above, where they are prepared at my house, 2 miles from the mouth of Jack's Creek, 8 miles below the Cross Plains, half a mile from Jack's Creek Road, and 3 miles Mens' and Women's Wax-Leather and Calf-

THG MAS BARNES.
June 6th, 1820.—23\*

## $FOWLER'S\ GARDEN$



Luke Usher,

Fowler's Garden,

Where Ladies and Gentlemen may, at the hortest notice, be accommodated with Din ers er other refreshinchts, on moderate erms. And in order to render comfortable ne situation of Ladies who may be inclined o visit those Gardens, Mrs. Usher has ree her best endeavors to make their visits asant and entertaining. And from the asimes to his guests at the Gardens, he hopes o give general satisfaction to all who may onor him with their company.

17 Lexington, April 22.

## LIVERY STABLES.



the public generally, that I have, at a reat expense rebuilt my

Livery Stables,

In a manner superior to any in the State, and upon the same ground on whice they former-ly stood. Irespectfully solicit the patronage of my former customers and the public gon-erally. I shall endeavour and hope to give satisfaction to all who may call.

WILLIAM BOWMAN.

Lexington, May 29, 1820-221f

#### Hemp Wanted. THE highest CASH price will be given for HE lignest CAS. Property of HEMP, at the Factory of JOHN BRAND.

Dec. 24 --- 52.4f

#### ZANESVILLE White Flint Glass MANUFACTORY.

Manufactured at their Works, shall not be inferior to any made in the States; and that
they are determined to make it worth the attention of Western Merchants, to call and investigate their WARE and PRICES. RED LEAD, PEARL-ASH, SALT-PETRE

ke will be taken in barter for GLASS.

N. B. Apothecaries can be supplied with all articles of Glass for their use, on the most noderate terms.

The editors of the Gazette, Lexington; Arus, Frankfort; Herald, Louisville; and the Gazette, Cincinnati, O. are requested to pu ise the above two months, and forware their counts for the same to this office.

#### WOOL.

WANTED, clean washed WOOL, for which Cotton Yarns & Domestic Goods, Will be given in exchange, by
POSTLETHWAIT, BRAND & Co.
June 1, 1820—22-4t.

Floyd, sct. TAKEN UP by William Gilmore, living on Grassy-creek, one GREY MARE, and earling COLT. The mare judged to be 6 years old, 1: hands 2 inches high, a natural trotter; appraised to 17 dollars—the Colt is a brown horse colt, very small; appraised to 4 dollars, before me this 11th day of May, 1820.

27° JAMES KASH, j. p. f. c.

## NEW GOODS.

A. Parker & Son, TAVE just received and are now opening at their Store in Lexington, on Main

AN ENTIRELY NEW ASSOUTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE, CONSISTING OF ne and Coarse BROAD CLOTHS, as sorted, Superfine and Coarse Cassimeres, assorted

Cassinetts, Flannels and Baize, Rombazetts, plain and twilled Vesting, Nankeens & Cotton Cassimeres, do Chintz, Calicoes and Ginghams do. Wide and narrow T .le and Towelling Diap-

ers, assorted
Irish Linen and Sheetings, assorte
Velvets, Corduroy's and Jeans
Mens' Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hose do.
Ladies' Silk, Cotton & Worsted Hose do. Domestic Cottons India Muslins and Silks Cambrick, Jackenet & Book Muslins do. Black, white and figured Sattins Ribbons, Tapes and Bobbins Silk, Twist and Threads Silk and mettal Buttons Turtle Shell, Ivory and Horn Combs do. Bolting Cloths of the best quality do. The most fashionable Straw Bonnets do. Morocco boot heeled Shoes & Slippers do. Kid Boot-heeled Slippers do. Girls' and Childrens' Morocco Shoes do

skin Shoes, assorted ALSO. Window Glass & Cut Naile, assorted,

Hardware, Cutlery, Queens, China, and Glass Ware.

and Glass Ware,

Of the best quality and well assorted.

LIKEWISE,

Best Madeira and Teneriffe WINES,

Best Fourth proof FRENCH BRANDY,

Best Gunpowder,

Imperial, and
Young Hyson

Coffee, Loaf Sugar, and Chocolate,

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Allspice & Cinnamon
Indigo, Madder, Allum, &c. &c.

The whole of which they will sell on the
most moderate terms for CASH.

Lexington, June 19th, 1820.—25

NOTICE.

PHE Co-partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Trotter, George Trot ter, Jr. dec'd. and Robert G. Dudley, trading under the firm of ROBERT G. DUDLE & Co. was dissolved in the month of Decen ber, 1815, and the co-partnership of the same parties composing the firm of S.I.MUEL & GEORGE TROTTER & CO. expired by limitation on the first day of January last .-

Notice is therefore Given. That the Books, Notes and all other Paper of said concerns, are deposited with SAMI. of said concerns, are deposited with SAML. TROTTER, as partner and agent of said firms, for the purpose of receiving all debts due to them, and liquidating those due by said firms. It is necessary to the parties concerned, that speedy payments should be made, and in case of failure suits will be commenced without de-

SAMUPL TROTTER,
JOHN POPE,
JAMES TROTTER, Strotter, Jr. dec'd
ELIZA TROTTER, Executric.
Lexington, Feb. 23d, 1820—8.4m.

Reel Boats.

THE subscriber having established a BOAT YARD, on the Kentucky river, at the mouth of Quicksand, intends keeping on han KEEL BOATS of every description. Appl cation to col. Richard Taylor, at Frankfort, or Mr. B. Lanphear, at Lexington, will be attended to by me.

ISAAC D. SCOFIELD. Dec. 17, 1819.-51-3m

## PLANK.

300,000 FEET of PINE, POPLAR, WILL give the highast price for clean common country WOOL, in KENTUCKY CHERRY and WALNUT PLANK, for sale at Cleveland's Landing. This plank has been sawed one, two and three years. Apply to JEREMIAH ROGERS. March 30, 1820.-13tf

Rochester Springs, RE situated one mile South of Perryville, and one quarter of a mile East of the main road leading from Lexington, Ky. to Nashville, Ten. Although there has been no accommodations for visitors at ROCHESTER Edmonds, Bingham & Co. SPRINGS until the last year, they have been ESPECTFULLY inform the public that visited for several years past by a number of they have commenced the above business persons, and a great many cures effected from ness | persons, and a great many cures effected from n its various branches, on the MOST IM. the use of the water. As there are now suc PROVED PLAN; and from their long expe- preparations made, as will justify its publicirience in this business both in Europe and ty, the subscriber solicits the patronage of the America, feel justified in saying that the class public, promising to use every exertion to

> WILL, S. ROCHESTER. Rochester Springs, April 15, 1820 .- 16-3m

Lexington Brass, Iron & Bell



CONTINUES to carry on the FOUNDER ING BUSINESS, in the town of Lexing street, where all kinds of

Brass and Iron Work for

ROBERT BURBRIDGE and Still Cocks, with many other articles too tedious to mention.

"Don't give up the Ship."



## ENTERTAINMENT.

LUKE USHER,

(SIGN OF THE SHIP,) AS the pleasure to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has again opened a HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT is former stand. Although his loss by the late fire was considerable, yet he has used the atmost exertions to prepare himself for the comfortable accommodation of those who may avor him with their custom.

Lexington, Dec. 3, 1819.—49tf
N. B. A few gentlemen can be accommoda ed with boarding, on reasonable terms.

#### For Sale or to Rent, ACOTTON FACTORY,

Containing 108 Spindles & 3 Carding Machines TITH every necessary appurtenance, all in good order and ready for immediate business. This property is fitted up in a good brick house, located in a valuable and convenient part of the town, and will be sold sepa rately or with the house to suit the purchaser Terms liberal, both as to price and time of

payment: and we believe, that we can assert without presumption, that no place in Ken-tucky would better support an establishment of its size than Versailles, where there is a regular and increasing demand for Cotton Yarns. Apply to R. & W. B. LONG. Versailles, Feb. 5-if

Tanning & Skin Dressing.

on Main-steet, Lexington, opposite the Baptist Grave Yard, an assortment of LEATH-FR of all descriptions for Saddlers and Shoe-

ALSO-A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Tanned and Dressed Sheep & Deer Skins, Parehment, Buckskin, White Leather &c. &c.

He has always on hand a large quantity of WOOL for Hatters, Clothiers, &c.

He also takes Hides to Tan on Shares, and He also takes Dides.
gives CASH for Hides.
WM. CIRODE.

March 30, 1820-13-1y TRAVELLER'S INN, Millersburgh, Ky. THE subscriber informs his friends and the

public generally, that he still continues to cary on the Tavern at the WHITE HOUST nmediately opposite his former stand, when every attention in his power shall be paid to those who may favour him with a call.

ANTHONY SHERIFF.

July 4, 1820—27\*

Cash in Hand Will be given for 2 NEGRO BOYS and GIRL of an unexceptionable character.

Enquire of the Printers.

June, 3d, 1819——23tf

Ran Away ROM the subscriber, on Friday night last, a NEGRO MAN SLAVE, named TOM. He is near six feet high, black skin, handsome form and features, well made and stout, about twenty-four years of age. He can read and perhaps write. As he is well supplied with clothes, it is quite uncertain what he has on; amongst other articles, he has a handsome blue cloth coat. It is probable that he has taken a young SORREL MARE belonging to the subscriber. The Mare is only three years

old, large and tolerably well made-has rather neavy jaws, trots but cannot pace. For the recovery of the Slave and Mare, or either of them, an adequate reward shall be given.

C. HUMPHREYS.

### Jnne 29, 1820-26tf WOOL.

STATE PAPER, delivered at the Factory o to John Bryan & Son, Saddlers.

Kexington, May 20, 1820 .- 22tf To the Prisoners of Raisin and

Fort Meigs. T is well known, that the numane and pat otic citizens of Detroit, who, at their own expense, relieved many of you from Indian captivity, have heretofore refused to receive remuncration from any of you, from a belief, that if they were entitled to any, it should be heirs of Moses Masterson, deceased, John expense, relieved many of you from Indian captivity, have heretofore refused to receive

gents to take these depositions; and will give their attendance for that purpose, at any time in Lexington during this and the ensuing month, where the ransomed prisoners, or those who have any information respecting such cases, will be pleased to call on them Such as cannot attend here, will be pleased to like on the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, that unless the said defendants, Elizabeth dates who have any information respecting such cases, will be pleased to call on them Such as cannot attend here, will be pleased to like or their counsel, it is ordered, the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, the unless the said defendants, Elizabeth dates the said defendants dates the said defendants dates the said defendants dates the said defendants

cases can be procured.

THO. T. BARR, JOHN LOWRY. Lexington, 22d Feby. 1820.

(T) Dr. BOWER of Georgetown will communicate to us any information which may be some authorised newspaper published in this state for two months successively.

Bancing Academy. JOHN DARRAC,

(Professor of Dancing,) Gentlemen, that his Spring quarter will commence on Friday the 4th of March next, Ladies and Gentlemen desirous of being in tructed, are reduested to make immediate pplication to J. Darrac at his Ball Room.

Will take place as usual, every SATURDAY EVENING, when the ladies are respectfully

CUT NAILS.

A FEW HUNDRED POUNDS BEST Philadelphia Cut Nails and Brads, Of various sizes, received and for sale by WM. LEAVY & SON.

Rope-Making Business.

THE subscribers having rented Mr. Hart's Rope Walk for a term of years, with the

Rope-Making Business, In all its various branches, they will give the ighest price in CASH for HEMP, delivered at said Walk, where BALE ROPE, CA-BLES and TARRED ROPE, of all descripons, may be had on the shortest notice, warranted of equal quality to any manufactured in the United States. They wish to purchase a

quantity of TAR. MORRISON & BRUCE. Lexington, Jan. 15, 1820-tf

## Turkey Red, Yellow, & Nan-

Keen Dying.

THE Subscriber proposes to dye the above colors, and if a sufficient supply of Kentucky raised madder can be procured, will nd durability, to any that has yet been imand durability, to any that has yet been imported to the western country, which many persons can testify who have purchased cotton yarn of that color, at my factory, about 12 years since. Although this colour has gone out of use for some years, yet it may be advantaged by fulling it on blue warn. out of use for some years, yet thing the autual tageously revived by filling it on blue warp, for chambreys, and is perhaps, the most beautiful specimen of domestic manufacture. The yellow will be beautiful, of various shades, from a pale to a rich gold color. And the Nankeens are warranted to be so far superior to the East India nankeen color, as to be indistructible, while a fibre of the cloth is redistructible, while a fibre of the cloth is remaining. Cloths died in this way, are more durable than when dyed of the nankeen color made with coperas, as the keen particles of iron in coperas, must cut the fibres of the cloth, and produce what is commonly called "a rotten color,"

Various other colors will be dyed as the buof a public already sufficiently convinced of the propriety of making every thing at home.

Articles left to be dyed, will be punctually

> JOHN JONES. High street, Lexington.



Stills For Sale.

THE subscriber has on hand STILLS, of dit ferent sizes, and of the best quality, which he will sell low for cash. He has lately received from Philadelphia a-quantity of COPPER, which enables him to furnish STILLS and BOILERS, of any size, at

He also carries on the TINNING BUSINESS. STOVE PIPES, &c. also for sale.
M. FISHEL.

Levington, 1on 1 1910 State of Kentucky: UIT, Sct. JUNE TERM, 1820-17th Day

Against Archibald Ruffin and others, Defendants,

I'lls day came the complainant aforesaid,
by his counsel, and it appearing to the by his counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the Defendants, Archibald Ruffin, Archibald Richie and Newton Berryman, are no inhabitants of this com-monwealth, and they having failed to enter their appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court: On motion of the comthe rules of this court: On motion of the com-plainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that un-less the said Defendants, Archibald Ruffin, Archibald Richie and Newton Berryman, do appear here on or before the first day of the next September term, and answer the Com-plainant's bill herein, the same will be taken

ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised newspaper published in this state for two months successively.

for confessed against them : And it is further

## A copy—Attest, 28\* NELSON C JOHNSON, d.c.f.c.c.

State of Kentucky: FAYETTE CIRCUIT, SCT. JUNE TERM, 1820, 2d DAY.
Hugh M'Coy's heirs, Compl'ts. IN CHANCE-

Against,
Moses Masterson's heirs and others, Defendants. made by the United States. Congress have at last consented to do this act of justice. But to enable those gentlemen to obtain their claims, it is necessary for the prisoners themselves to state in writing what they know as to each case, and swear to, and cause the same to be formedly certified by a justice of the

to be formally certified by a justice of the peace.

The undersigned have been appointed A
The undersigned have been appoint inform us where their depositions may be taken; or where information respecting such cases can be procured.

Thompson, heirs and legal representatives of James Thompson, deed, and Thomas Gorham, do appear here on or before the 1st day of the next September Term, and answer the com-plainant's bill herein, the same will be taken

> A copy.—Test, NELSON C. JOHNSON, d.c.f.c.c. Mercer Circuit, Set:

JUNE TERM, 1820. Nancy Robertson and Henry Robertson, adm'r. of Michael Robertson, dec'd.

Complainants, IN CHANCERY. Against, George Lencus and Samuel

Corn, Defendants,
Cotillion Parties,
Will take place as usual, every SATURDAL
EVENING, when the ladies are respectfully
nivited.
The Evening School for Gentlemen takes
The Evening School for Gentlemen takes
The Evening School for Gentlemen takes lace every Thursday and Friday, each week. The complainants therefore, by their counsel, it is ordered, that unless the said defendant do appear here on or before the first day of our September Court next, to be held for said Circuit, and answer the complainants bill herein, that the same will be taken against him as confessed: And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted for two calender months, in some public newspaper, authorised by law to make such publication. A copy—Atteste,

n. A copy—Atteste,
28 THO. ALLIN, C.C.